

Fig. 1A

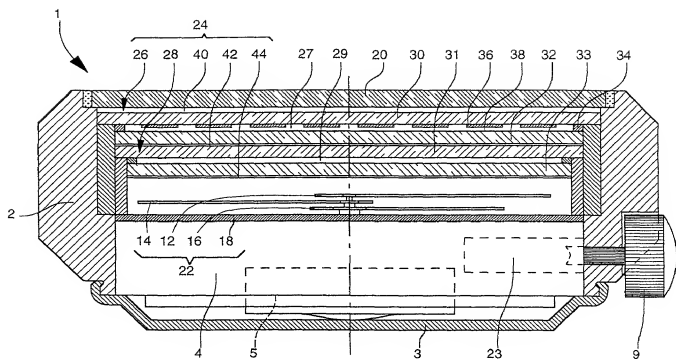


Fig. 1B

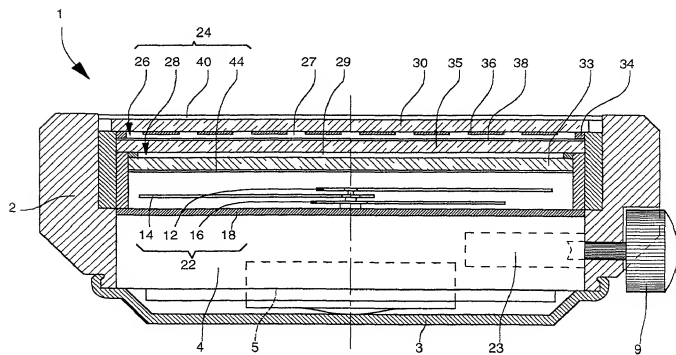


Fig. 2 A

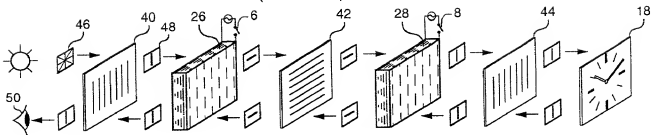


Fig. 2B

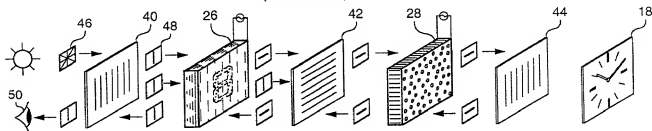


Fig. 2C

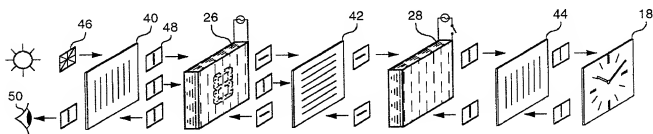


Fig. 3A

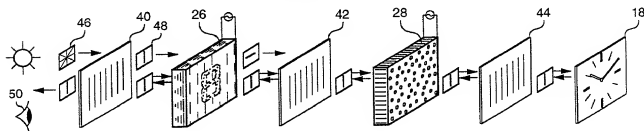


Fig. 3B

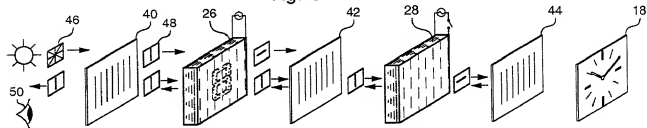


Fig. 4 A

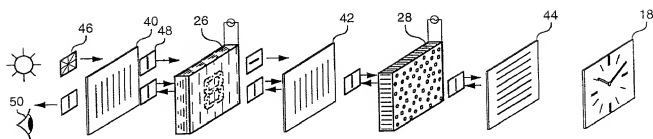


Fig. 4 B

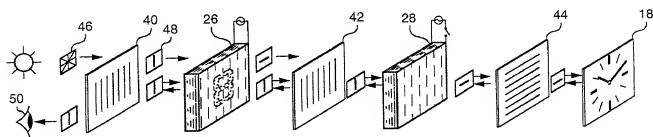


Fig. 5 A

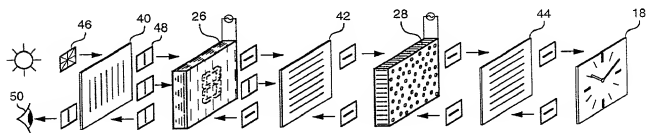


Fig. 5 B

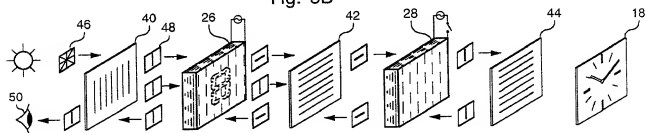


Fig. 6

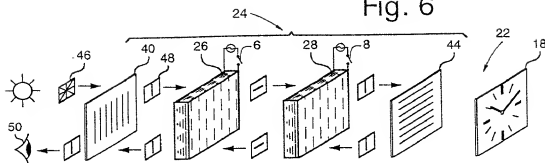


Fig. 6A

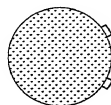
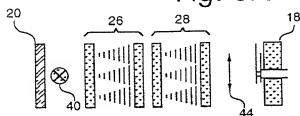


Fig. 6B

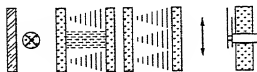


Fig. 6C

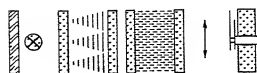


Fig. 6D

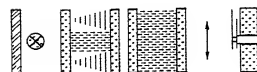
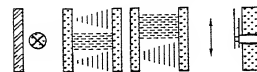


Fig. 6E



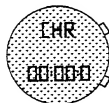
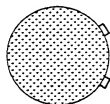


Fig. 8

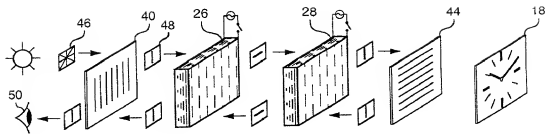


Fig. 8A

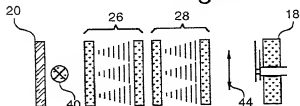


Fig. 8B

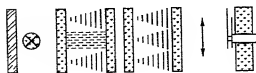


Fig. 8C

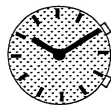
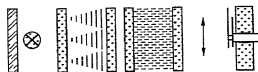


Fig. 8D

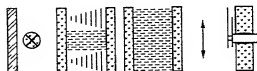
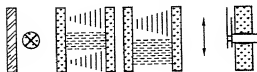


Fig. 8E



A schematic diagram of a multi-layered optical device. It consists of several layers and components labeled with numbers: 46 (a small square component), 40 (a large rectangular layer), 48 (a small square component), 26 (a layer with vertical lines), 28 (a layer with vertical lines), 44 (a large rectangular layer), and 18 (a clock face). Arrows indicate the flow of light or information from left to right. A sun icon is on the far left, and a magnifying glass icon labeled 50 is positioned below the first layer. The layers are stacked horizontally, with arrows pointing from the sun towards the layers and from the layers towards the clock face.

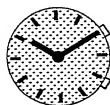


Fig. 10

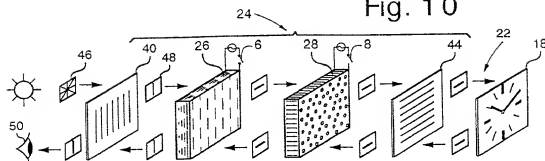


Fig. 10A

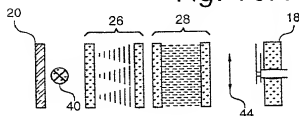


Fig. 10B

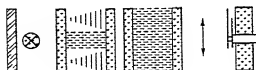


Fig. 10C

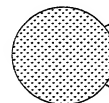
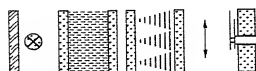


Fig. 10D

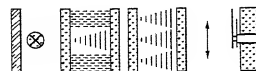


Fig. 10E

